[XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1213.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1768.

WARSAW, *August* 10.

IT is reported that the King of Prussia has made a Proposal to the Confederates of Cracow, by Baron Tanenzein, Governor of Breslau, that the Dissidents in Cracow shall have the Liberty of retiring with their Effects; and, we are informed, that his Majesty is disposed to grant them a Detachment of Hussars, to escort them from Cracow to the Borders of Silesia.

MORATO, (*in* CORSICA) *August* 18. The Day before Yesterday the French, who are in Garrison at Calvi, having taken the Field, to the Number of 800 Men, together with 200 others whom they had in their Pay, they marched along the Coast of the Gulf, as far as the Tower of St. Catherine, with Four Pieces of Cannon, Eight Pounders, and whatever else was necessary for the throwing up of Entrenchments, which they soon finished, and planted their Artillery very advantageously.—But, notwithstanding all this, the Flying Squadron of our Militia had the Courage to go up to them, which occasioned a sharp Skirmish, the Tumult of which, brought up, in less than Half an Hour, 600 Men, from Calenzana, Pino, and Lummio, who attacked the French with so much Impetuosity, that, notwithstanding their advantageous Position, and the Fire of their Cannon, they were forced to quit their Entrenchments, and, in their Retreat, made no other Resistance, than just to preserve their Artillery, which, on account of the Marshiness of the Soil, they would certainly have lost, if Two Vessels had not arrived in that Instant, and taken it on board. Our People pursued the Runaways as far as Paggiola, where a Swamp enabled them to draw up again, and so resume their Way to Calvi. If the other Troops in the Neighbourhood had come up, this Enterprize of the French had cost them very dear. At present we cannot tell their Loss, but they had the Fire of our Musquetry during the whole Pursuit, both in Flank and Front. On our Side, we lost in the Attack, One of our best Officers, and had Three Men wounded.

LEGHORN, *August* 21. The Marquis de Chauvelin hath demanded that all the Ships of Corsica shall carry Flags bearing the Arms of France, and all those who, after a certain Time, shall not be provided with them, will be considered by the French Ships as Pirates.

PETERSBURGH, *August* 23. The Day before Yesterday, Lord Cathcart, the British Ambassador, had a formal Audience of her Imperial Majesty, when he delivered to her his credential Letters.

It appears by divers Circumstances, that some delicate and intricate Affairs are on the Tapis between this Court and the Ottoman Porte, relative to the Troubles of Poland. It is certain that the Ministry hath dispatched lately a Courier to the Empress's Resident at Constantinople.

TOULON, *August* 28. It is assured, that as soon as the Marquis de Chauvelin arrived in Corsica, he was to publish the King's Orders, setting forth, that by his Treaty with the Genoese, he was become Sovereign of that Island; that his Majesty was disposed to treat the Inhabitants kindly, and maintain them in all their Rights and Privileges, provided they behaved with due Submission to his Authority; but that those, who should take upon them to resist it, should be treated as Rebels, &c. That after this Declaration, the Marquis de Chauvelin was to take Possession of Corsica, in the King's Name, fix his Arms in all the principal Places, and establish the Civil and Military Government. That the Marquis was then to proceed to the Expulsion of the Jesuits, the Places they are possessed of in that Island, being necessary for his Majesty's Troops. For this Purpose 40 Flat-bottomed Boats were sent from hence the Day before Yesterday, which are to carry all those Jesuits to the nearest Port belonging to the Ecclesiastical State, where, if they are refused Admittance, they are to be left upon the Shore.

WARSAW, *August* 30. We have received Advice, that the Russian Major Gendre has defeated a large Body of Confederates at Siewicz, 100 of whom were killed, and 22 made Prisoners: The Booty obtained by the Russians, consists of 9 Pieces of Cannon, and a great Quantity of Ammunition and Provisions.

BERLIN, *September* 10. Sir Andrew Mitchell, his Britannic Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary, has been at Potsdam some Days, waiting the King of Prussia's Return from Silesia. This, and some other Circumstances, occasion many Persons here to believe that there are some very important Affairs on the Tapis between the Two Courts.

LONDON.

Sept. 3. Thursday, Col. Pattison took Leave of his Majesty at St. James's on his Departure for Venice, being appointed to the Rank of General, to assist in new disciplining the Troops of that State. It is said the Reason of this Officer being sent to the Republic, is, that they have resolved to assist the Corsicans.

Sept. 10. They write from Leghorn, that General Paoli had very narrowly escaped being taken Prisoner by a reconnoitring Party of the French, led on by a Corsican Deserter, whom the commanding Officer had bribed with a large Sum of Money.

Letters from Leghorn, of the 19th, say, that the Corsicans are increasing their Privateers considerably; these Letters further add, that besides the Genoese, those brave Islanders will now have the French, Spaniards, and Neapolitans, for Enemies.

Private Advices from Genoa, inform, that it was daily expected the French would set a Price upon General Paoli's Head.

We have the Pleasure to inform the Public, lenitive Measures are yet predominant in regard to the Colonies, notwithstanding such Numbers of inflammatory Assertions have lately been issued from the Press, against that respectable Body of People; who, it seems, deserve to be heard in their own Defence; which, we are assured, will most certainly be granted, with that Equity and Justice, so conspicuous in the Constitution of this free independent Empire.

Sept. 16. We are told, that a noble Lord intends to support the Interest of America, as strenuously this Winter, as he did the last Session of Parliament.

Divisions run remarkably high in the Ministry, respecting the Affairs of America.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, Sept. 3.

"Our last Advices from Constantinople assure us, that the Grand Signor hath declared War against Russia with all the Formalities usual on such an Occasion. They add, that the Grand Visir hath declared to the Minister of their Imperial and Royal Majesties, that this War will be carried on against Russia only."

Sept. 17. We are desired, by a principal House in the North-American Trade, to assure the Public, that the Havannah, Capt. Jarvis, lately arrived from Boston, brought in Gold and Silver Specie to the Value of Six Thousand Pounds, and as she is the last Ship from that Place, the Account in our Paper of Yesterday (copied from an Evening Paper) that not a single Dollar had been brought from thence for some Months, was entirely without Foundation.

Sept. 21. A Letter from New-York mentions, that Lord Charles Montague, Governor of Carolina, and his Lady, were obliged to return there from Boston, on account of the Disturbances at that Place.

Letters from Genoa inform, that the French Commander in Chief in Corsica, had published an Ordinance, obliging all Ships, of what Nation soever, to depart the Island within a limitted Time, on Pain of Seizure and Confiscation.

They advise from Leghorn, that the English, Dutch, and other Foreign Merchants, were struck with the greatest Consternation, on the News of the late daring Insult on the high Seas, committed by the French on a Danish Ship.

Private Letters by the Jenny, Captain Orr, who is just arrived from Boston, say, that the principal Merchants and Traders of that Place have resolved not to receive any British Manufactures, from the 1st of January 1769, to the 1st of January 1770.

By the last Accounts from France, we hear, it is looked on there by the most sensible People, that War is not far off from being declared against more Maritime States than One, who are suspected of aiding and giving Succours to the Corsicans: Likewise it is expected several Ships of the Line, from their respective Powers, will shortly make their Appearance in the Mediterranean Seas, in Order to protect their Trade from Insults, which Resolution, we are told, will immediately take Place.

This Day was published, No. I. *The American Gazette*, being a Collection of all the authentic Addresses, Memorials, Letters, &c. which relate to the present Disputes between Great-Britain and her Colonies; containing also many original Papers, never before published, 8vo. 1s. 6d. Kearsley.

A valuable Compilation, well worthy the Perusal of all those who wish to be acquainted with the unhappy Difference subsisting between the English and Americans, in which the Sentiments of a brave, oppressed People, are delivered with great Spirit and Freedom.

Sept 22. They talk now at the West-End of the Town, and it is asserted by many shrewd Politicians, that Corsica will eventually submit to France, provided that restless Nation will grant them a free Trade, and some other Immunities, which were always refused by their former Masters, the infatuated, cruel, and bloodthirsty Genoese. If this takes Place, 'tis said Paoli is to be created a Peer of France, with a handsome Pension annexed thereto during Life.

Extract of a Letter from Breslau, September 2.

"The King of Prussia arrived here this Day, accompanied by the Prince of Prussia, and the Two Princes of Brunswick. His Majesty has been no farther than Neiss, where he had some long Conferences with General Finck; since which Time certain Preparations are carrying on, that occasions various Speculations."

A Letter from Rome, dated August 24, says, "We experience unheard of hot Weather. The great Drought produces an absolute Scarcity of Herbs, Pulse, and many of the Necessaries of Life. We have every Thing to fear for our Vines. The Heat is so ardent, that it hath occasioned Fires to break out in some Forests and Harvest Fields."

Letters from the same Place, of the 27th Ult. say, "We are informed, that if the Imperial Troops present themselves before Ferrara, the Gates will be opened to them, and that no Resistance will be made, but to those of the Duke of Modena.

According to Advices from Bologna, of the 30th Ult. all the Troops which are in the Legation of Urbin, to the Number of 6000 Men, are already under Arms; and the Garrison of Fort-Urbin, on the Confines of Modena, is reinforcing with an additional Body of Militia.

A great Man is said to have declared, that the Court of Versailles, by their late Invasion of Corsica, and searching foreign Ships, belonging to our Allies in the Mediterranean, have as fully declared War against Great-Britain, and her Allies, as if they had done it by the Mouth of their Ambassador.

It was rumoured this Morning, that Letters are received from Gibraltar, which mention Commodore Spry's having demanded Satisfaction of the French Commander in Corsica, for some Insults committed on an English Ship lately in the Mediterranean.

They write from Leghorn, that a Report prevails, that the Genoese had been threatened from a certain Quarter, with having all the Ships of War in their Ports burnt, which are now building there for the French Service.

It is reported that a Nobleman of the first Parts and Distinction, will soon set out in the Character of Ambassador Extraordinary to the Court of France.

It is said that Edinburgh Castle is ordered to be prepared for the Reception of his Danish Majesty, who soon proposes to set out for that Capital, and will lodge in his Grace the Duke of Hamilton's Apartments, in the Palace of Holywood-House.

Some of the late Dutch Mails have brought Advice, that 10 per Cent. Duty, are laid on all English Manufactures imported into the Hanoverian Dominions; and these Letters add, that if our Government does not make a proper Provision for paying the Debt contracted in the late War in Germany, that some of the German Powers will come to a Determination of prohibiting all the English Manufactures, until their Demands are paid.

Sept. 24. Letters by this Day's Mails, inform us, that it is not probable the Porte will proceed to Extremities against Russia; and that they only mean to demand Satisfaction of the Russians, for having attacked and seized the Town of Balta, in Little-Tartary, where some Polish Confederates had taken Refuge; so that if the Court of Russia refuse not Satisfaction on this Account, all further Troubles will be prevented.

It is confidently reported, that a great Man has actually proposed the fitting out a large Naval and Military Force, to dispossess the French Invaders of Corsica.

It is rumoured that Sir Edward Hawke will soon set out for Portsmouth, to take on him the Command of a Squadron for the Mediterranean.

A Morning Paper says, a certain great Personage having asked another great Personage for his Permission to give a Masquerade, was answered, "I have no Objection, but how will you satisfy our Bishops?" To which he replied, "Sir, I will send them all Tickets."

We hear that the Account of Sir James Lowther's being created Lord Lonsdale, is premature.

By a Gentleman just arrived from Cadiz, we are informed, that the Spaniards are greatly augmenting their Marine, both in Europe and America.

They write from Brest, that the Court had given Orders for some additional Fortifications to be erected at the Mouth of the River Villaine.

Yesterday Lord Egmont was at Court; but every Department of Administration is in the same Hands as usual.

They write from Toulon, that Orders had just been received from Court, to fit out the Enterprenant, and Capricieux Men of War of the Line, with Three Frigates, several Transports, and Tenders, to sail with all Expedition, with several Regiments on board, for Corsica.

We hear, that at an Interview between the Duke of G——n and General Amherst, the latter demanded, as a Reward of his Prowess, and Atchievements in the Conquest of America. 1. A British Peerage, and a Reversion for his Brother. 2. An American Peerage, if such be created, and that he be the First. 3. The Coal-Mines of Cape-Breton, which are preferable to any Estate in England. 4. A Grant of Land in America.

In the Year 1745, when Cape-Breton was reduced, (chiefly by the People of New-England) a Calculation was then made, what Numbers were fitting to bear Arms, in case of Non-Success in that famous Enterprize, it was found 100,000 Men, from 18 to 60, could be mustered in 24 Hours, with Arms and Provisions for Six Days each Man; in, or near Boston. It is well known the Militia of New-England, and New-Hampshire, exceed 200,000 Men, capable of bearing Arms; notwithstanding those People are at present (to serve, no Doubt, sinister Views) represented as a disloyal and disaffected Community; the judicious Answer is, Great-Britain itself cannot produce loyaller, nor better Subjects, than those despised misrepresented Colonies are looked on at this Time.

Yesterday at Noon his Danish Majesty came from his Apartments at St. James's, attended by his Nobles, through St. James's Park to Westminster-Bridge, where he embarked on the Upper Side, with his Retinue, being met by Sir Robert Ladbroke, Knight, Locum Tenens, with the City Officers Regalia, &c. at whose Meeting his Majesty expressed the greatest Satisfaction; the King, his Nobles, the Locum Tenens, and all the Company being seated in the City Barge, the Music playing, Drums beating, Cannons firing, and amidst the glad Acclamations of Thousands of British Subjects, the Barge was put off, and taking a stretch as high as

Parliament Stairs, took a Sweep into the Middle of the Stream, went through the Center Arch of Weſtminſter Bridge, ſaluted by the firing of Cannon at Lambeth, Stangate, &c. being followed by all the Companies Barges; his Majeſty embarked at One, landed at the Temple about Half an Hour after Two, from which he walked on the Temporary Platform, which was covered over, to the Middle Temple Hall, where an elegant cold Collation was provided; and after viewing the Hall ſome Time, his Majeſty went into the Lord Mayor's State Coach, (which waited in Temple-Lane) attended by Sir Robert Ladbroke; and, from thence proceeded to the Manſion-Houſe, the Pioneers, the Cripplegate Grenadiers, the Artillery-Company, and the Liverymen of the Goldſmiths Company, marching before the State Coach, and ſeveral of the Aldermen, with the Sheriffs, in their reſpective Carriages, following it; the whole forming a very pleaſing Sight to an exceeding numerous Concourſe of Spectators. His Majeſty reached the Manſion-Houſe a Quarter before Four in the Afternoon, and when he got under the Portico, he ſtood for ſeveral Minutes looking over the Baniſters, and bowing to the People, in Return to their loud Acclamations. His Majeſty, after partaking of a very elegant Entertainment prepared for him, left the Manſion-Houſe, about a Quarter before Eight in the Evening, and returned to St. James's. The Diſpoſition of the Lights, (at leaſt 2000) the Arrangements of the Tables, the Erection of the Temporary Orcheſtra, and the whole of the ornamenting of the Egyptian-Hall, were executed with the utmoſt Propriety and Elegance, under the Direction of Mr. George Dance, Clerk to the City-Works.

A Morning Paper ſays, the intended Change of the Miniſtry is poſtponed. The Price of thoſe who were to ſucceed the preſent, was ſo enormous, conſidering what was to be paid to thoſe who were to go out, that it was thought moſt prudent to wait for better Offers.

Extract of a Letter from Ploczko, in Poland, dated Aug. 24.

"On the Eve of taking of Cracow, the Marſhal of the Confederacy demanded of the Jews, who inhabited the Suburbs, to furniſh him with 600 Men; but, upon their repreſenting to him, the Impoſſibility of complying with his Demand, he ordered them to pay 80,000 Florins. To this they made Anſwer, that they had no Money, owing to the Interruption of their Trade, and deſired he would have a little Patience; upon which he ſent Soldiers among them, who cut off the Beards and Hair of ſome of the oldeſt of them, threatening, unleſs they complied with the Sum demanded, within Two Days, to ſerve them all in the ſame Manner; but the following Night they were acquitted of the Obligation, by the Ruſſians. The Confederates had got a great Number of horned Cattle in the Neighbourhood, which the Ruſſian Troops ſeized, and the Quantity was ſo conſiderable, that an Ox was ſold for a Ducat, and a Cow for a Crown."

According to Letters from Leghorn, the Loſs of the French in Corſica, up to the 20th of Auguſt laſt, is computed at 1300 Men, and that of the brave Iſlanders, who have periſhed in their own Defence, at 150.

Letters from Leghorn obſerve, that the French have very great Advantages over the Corſicans, in the Goodneſs and Quantity of their Artillery, as well as in their Superiority at Sea, which laſt Circumſtance enables them to furniſh themſelves with all Sorts of Neceſſaries, from Provence. But, notwithſtanding theſe boaſted Advantages, we hope, for the Encouragement of Liberty and Bravery, and the Diſcouragement of Tyranny and Oppreſſion, in all Parts of the World, that the latter will meet with ſuch Chaſtiſement from the Valour of the Inhabitants, as their inexcuſable Meddling on the preſent Occaſion merits from Earth and Heaven.

A Report circulates at the Weſt End of the Town, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham, with his uſual Conſiſtency, has adviſed a total Change, both of Men and Meaſures, in the preſent critical Conjuncture of Affairs.

Certain Politicians at the Weſt End of the Town have, within a few Days paſt, inſinuated, that as the alarming and critical Poſture of Affairs in the Colonies demand the immediate Attention of the Legiſlature, it will be the firſt Buſineſs which a certain auguſt Aſſembly will take into Conſideration upon its Meeting; and it is thought this critical Affair, with ſome other important Matters, will take up ſo much Time, that all Petitions and Scrutinies about conteſted Elections, will be adjourned *ſine Die*.

It is ſtrongly reported, that Three Perſons, who hold the greateſt Offices in this Kingdom, are going to reſign; and the Reaſon alledged for it is, the Treatment which a certain Gentleman has lately received.

If the Reſignations ſo much talked of take Place, the Vacancies thereby made will be filled up from the Court of King's-Bench, the War-Office, and the Houſhold.

Extract of a Letter from Moira, in Ireland, dated Auguſt 10, 1768.

"A melancholy Accident happened at Balenderry laſt Wedneſday; Mr. Thomas Higginſon, with his Brother, and a Carpenter, were all ſuffocated in a Well at his Father's. Something went wrong in the Pump, and they opened a Hole at the Top to get down a Ladder; Mr. Thomas Higginſon went down firſt, and had not been many Feet in 'til he gave a Shout, and fell into the Water; his Brother ran to his Aſſiſtance, fell likewiſe, then the Carpenter, who was to have mended the Pump, and he met the ſame Fate; old Mr. Higginſon then attempted to go down, but was pulled up by his Hair, or he would have periſhed likewiſe; they then tied a Rope about another Perſon and let him down, who alſo fell, but being immediately pulled up he recovered, though ſeemingly dead for Half an Hour.

BOSTON, *November* 9.

Yeſterday the Superior Court met by Adjournment at the Court-Houſe. In the Afternoon a Motion was made by J—s O—s, Eſq; one of the Bar, that the Court would adjourn to Faneuil-Hall, not only as the Stench occaſioned by the Troops in the Repreſentatives Chamber, may prove infectious, but as it was derogatory to the Honour of the Court, to adminiſter Juſtice at the Mouths of Cannon, and at the Points of Bayonets.—This Day the Troops were removed from that Chamber, much to the Satisfaction of the People, who have looked upon their being placed there at firſt by the G——r as an Inſult upon the whole Province.

The Town-Houſe Watch being on the Return at Two o'Clock in the Morning, heard a great Noiſe and Uproar in the Streets, they ſoon found it was made by a Number of Officers, and preſuming to ſpeak to them, tho' with great Mildneſs, they were threatened with being ſeized and put in Irons, and otherways inſulted in a groſs Manner.——Several Soldiers late at Night, entered the Houſe of Mr. Juſtice W—ls, and in humble Imitation of ſome of their Superiors, were very free with the Blacks, to whom they declared a Liking, and that their Aſſiſtance was wanted; the Juſtice being confined by Sickneſs, was obliged to call in the Aſſiſtance of ſome Neighbours, who coming armed, ſoon forced thoſe Intruders to decamp.——A married Woman living in Long-Lane, returning home in the Night, was ſeized by the Neck and almoſt ſtrangled, ſhe was thrown upon the Ground, and treated with great Indecencies: Another Woman at New-Boſton was rudely handled. Mr. N—w—l of Needham, paſſing near the Town-Gates, was ſtruck with a Muſket, and without the leaſt Provocation received another Stroke from a drunken Guard, which ſtunned him.—[The Mention of ſuch Abuſes as theſe is by no Means intended to inſinuate a Want of Care in the commanding Officers, but to ſhew the great Impropriety and Grievance of quartering Troops in the Town, inaſmuch as even under the Eye of the General, the Inhabitants are expoſed to ſuch great Inſults and Injuries.]

Nov. 17. We have authentic Advice, by the Thames, Capt. Watt, that the Petition of the honourable his Majeſty's Council of the Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, has been received by his Majeſty in a moſt gracious Manner; and that the ſaid Petition, with his Excellency the Governor's Reaſoning in Support of it, would have a due Conſideration before the Meeting of Parliament, which was appointed for the 8th of November.

Our other Advices by Capt. Watt, beſides the Collection from the Public Prints, are, That it is the general Opinion among People who know the Buſineſs of the Cabinet, that L. Eg—m—t will be ſoon appointed Secretary of S—e, in the room of L. Sh——ne, and in caſe of L. Ch—m's Sickneſs continuing, ſome more conſiderable Changes will take Place. L. Eg—m—t is in Principle our beſt Friend, and is very deſirous of having all the Troops removed from the well-ſettled Provinces, and to have more Reliance on the Affections of the People there.

Some late Advices from London are, that the Adminiſtration are ſolicitous for a Repeal of the late Acts of Parliament; but that while the King's Officers are mal-treated, they cannot in Honour do any Thing towards it. They ſay they are convinced of the Impropriety of the Board of Commiſſioners, and of the Impolicy of the late Acts; but the Honour of the Nation is at Stake, and that muſt be conſulted in their Repeal. ——It is therefore wiſhed by our Friends, while we firmly adhere to and defend our Rights, that we ſhould conduct ourſelves with Wiſdom, Prudence, Steadineſs and Uniformity; and that in all our Proceedings we behave with due Reſpect to Government; and avoid every Thing that has the Appearance of Tumult: In this Way we ſhall ſtand fair in the Judgment of thoſe who ſhall conſider our Caſe, and in the End obtain Relief.

We hear that Sir William Baker, and Mr. Haley, are extremely friendly, and exert themſelves in our Favour.

We hear that the Battalion-Men of the Detachment of the 59th Regiment now here, are to return ſoon to Halifax; but the Company of Grenadiers is to remain here.

Nov. 21. Private Letters from London mention, that the Turks have declared War againſt the Ruſſians, and that the Court of England is highly incenſed at the Treatment which one of our Generals received from the Officers and Crew of a French Xebeck in the Mediterranean, in Conſequence of which, Orders have been iſſued for our Veſſels not to ſubmit to be ſearched by thoſe of any other Nation whatever.

A War is alſo expected between Auſtria and Pruſſia. Great Changes are talked of in the Miniſtry; the Earl of Egmont having had of late ſeveral Conferences with his Majeſty; it is imagined he will have a principal Place; he is a great Friend to the Colonies.——The Public Diſpatches from this Province, were to be taken into immediate Conſideration by the Privy Council.

SALEM, *November* 15.

We hear from Marblehead, that laſt Saturday Capt. Granby arrived there, after a tedious Paſſage, from Liſbon; having met with a Misfortune, was obliged to put into Halifax to water; the Veſſel had ſcarcely anchored, but was boarded by the Officer of the Cuſtoms, who carried the Veſſel to a Wharf, and, after having trenched and ſpitted his Salt, ſearched the Cheſts, &c. Finding nothing to condemn the Veſſel, tampered with the Sailors; and uſed the Maſter very ſcurrilouſly, by threatening to impriſon him, and lay him under Bonds, altho' he had no Contraband Goods on board; when after a Detention of Two Days, the Maſter demanded his Veſſel, they threatened to unload her; but finding their Threats had no Effect, endeavoured to perſuade him to leave his Veſſel; which when they could not prevail on him to do, delivered her to him. Theſe Circumſtances ſufficiently ſhew, not only the infamous Arts uſed to diſtreſs the fair Trader, but the baſe Diſpoſitions of a ſet of hungry Miſcreants, whoſe only Aim ſeems to be to enrich themſelves, by diſtreſſing honeſt Trade, under Pretence of ſecuring the Revenue. Such Inſtances of Oppreſſion, though countenanc'd by thoſe in Office, ought, however, to be made public, and the Actors in ſuch dirty Scenes treated with the Contempt they deſerve from every honeſt Man.

NEWPORT, *November* 21.

By a Letter from St. Vincent we are informed,—— That, not long ſince, Mr. Hurſt, a Cuſtom-Houſe Waiter, went on board the Schooner Sally, Capt. Hobbs, lying at Anchor in Terrel's Bay; and without Ceremony demanded the Veſſel's Papers, being aſk'd what right he had to the Papers, he cock'd his Piſtol, pointed it at the Capt. and ſaid if he did not retire to his Cabbin, he would blow his Brains out. The Capt. went into the Cabbin, and the Waiter went to hoiſting out and weighing the Coffee on board, to ſee whether there were not a ſufficient Trifle, more than was properly cleared, to condemn the Veſſel, &c. But finding all regular and right, he told the Capt. he did not want to take any Advantage of him, &c.

ANNAPOLIS, DECEMBER 8.

*** *Inſtead of the Word* ſee, *in the fourth Line of the* KENT *County Addreſs, inſerted in our laſt, read* feel.

The following NOTE we inſert at the Requeſt of a CUSTOMER.

☞ *The Perſon who uſed ſo much Freedom with Mr.* Dakein's *Character in the laſt Gazette, is hereby called upon to produce even One Gentleman of this City, to prove that he promiſed to give any Thing from under his Hand.——The Threats and Menaces made Uſe of for that Purpoſe, would not, (nor will they) compel him, as he ſtands, (ſave due Allegiance).*

Nullius *addictus* jurare *in Verba* Magiſtri.

TO THE PRINTERS.

Some neither can for Wits nor Critics paſs,
As heavy Mules are neither Horſe nor Aſs. POPE.

FROM the *ſervile* Employment of *Printer's Devil*, we have ſeen Mr. *Clapham* gradually riſing to the important Office of Corrector of the Preſs, and he has now aſcended the Critic's Chair—no unuſual Climax amongſt the GRUB-Street Fraternity—— But leſt Mr. *Clapham* ſhould fall under the Character deſcribed——*Critics ne'er bred at School*——he, like a prudent General, calls in the Aſſiſtance of a Body of Auxiliaries——But as *ſimile ſimili gaudet*, (like loves its like) theſe too are of GRUB-Street Race——But what in the Name of common Senſe has a Critique upon a Poem written in *England* in the Year 1764 to do with a Controverſy in *America* in the Year 1768?——This ſhows People reduced to their laſt Shifts——As for the Character of a Wit it is by no Means a deſirable one——

"Unhappy Wit like moſt miſtaken Things,
"Atones not for the Envy that it brings;
"'Tis what the vitious fear, the virtuous ſhun,
"By Fools 'tis hated and by Knaves undone."

But what ſay the Reviewers?——Hungry Wretches who *live upon the Bits and Scraps of Song*.——Who to humour the Ill-nature of the World, pick out a few Lines in a Poem to exerciſe their pitiful Talents upon—and who for a Dinner will turn Satyre into Panegyric——The inimitable *Sterne*, on whom they ſpit all their Venom, treats them with the Contempt they merit, in comparing them to a Fly which Uncle Toby had caught, and holding between his Finger and Thumb inſtead of cruſhing it to death, ſaid, "Go poor Wretch, get thee gone, there is "room enough in the World both for thee and "me"——and the nervous and expreſſive *Churchill*, whoſe Genius theſe malicious Junto's endeavoured to cruſh by the moſt Ill-natured Sarcaſms, characterizes them thus:

Our *Critics* bawl,
"In praiſe of Candour with a Heart of Gall,
"Conſcious of Guilt and fearful of the Light,
"They lurk enſhrouded in the Veil of Night;
"Safe from Detection, ſeize th' unwary Prey,
"*And ſtab, like Bravoes, all who come that Way.*

And next in contempt to the Critics themſelves does he hold their Followers, thoſe

"Who pick their little Learning from Reviews,

who, without either Reading, Judgment, or Opinion of their own, retail *their* ſmart Sayings, and think joining in the Cry, and bandying the Abuſe up and down, is ſome Apology for their own Ignorance.——

The Poem on the Peace, for any Thing ſaid to its Diſcredit by the Reviewers, might be excellent in its Kind, for ſuppoſing the Paſſages criticiſed, to be the moſt blameable in the whole Compoſition (and we may ſuppoſe they culled out the weakeſt Parts) it is an eaſy Matter to ſhow the Futility of their Remarks, and thence may conclude the Piece to have ſome Degree of Merit——What an Introduction do they uſher in their Strictures with——"a Man who "courts the Muſe ſhould come as *gay* and *lively* as "an *Alderman* to a *Turtle-Feaſt*".——A Man that goes to Bed with an empty Stomach generally dreams of a Feaſt——and theſe hungry Wretches borrow all their Ideas of *Gaiety* and *Livelineſs* from a ſubſtantial Dinner——an Alderman at a Turtle Feaſt is to be ſure a very proper Gallant for a Muſe——He comes very *gay* and *lively*, and after he has ſwallow'd Two or Three Pounds of Turtle, he goes away very *gay* and *lively*——Nor are theſe Gentlemen more fortunate in their Illuſtration upon the Satyrical Trifle by *a Quill paſſing from Goose to Goose, which ſticks more cloſely to its Second, than its Firſt Poſſeſſor*.——Who ever ſaw, or heard of a Quill falling out of the Wing of one Goose, and ſticking cloſe, as the Ladle did in the old Woman's Breech, in the Tail of another?—— Illuſtrations ſhould be drawn from Things more evident, not from ſuch as never exiſted, but in the confuſed and addle Brain of a Reviewer.——By neglecting courting the Muſe as an Alderman can Turtle, the Poet *is ſaid* to have made *ſad Work*,—— and by being confined to a Garret, without an Opportunity of ever being preſent at a Turtle-Feaſt our Critics form the ſtrangeſt Idea of ſuch an Entertainment as ever was——and had theſe Gentlemen deſcended now and then from their *aerial* Manſion

into the common Walks of Life, tho' it were in the humble and menial Capacities of *making Baſkets, mending Shoes, crying Jeruſalem Artichoaks, or driving a Duſt-Cart*, they might have had a better Opportunity of being acquainted with the Nature of their cackling Brothers of the Quill.——

We will now condeſcend to take a Review of our Reviewers, to examine the Juſtneſs of their Remarks, which will be found upon a Level with the Poignancy of their Wit, and tho' an Author who derides them as *old in Folly and impotent in Rage*, could hardly expect a Compliment, yet, Thanks to their Inability, he has eſcaped unhurt by their Reſentment. —*Gay Ideas*, and *lively Remarks*, being as ſeldom the Production of an empty Stomach, and a ſwimming Head, as of a full Belly——the *heavieſt* Hours a Man ſpends are when his Pockets are lighteſt; *Reviewers*, as well as *Poets*, therefore have their *heavy* Hours, and if a full Stomach be really an Aſſiſtant to Genius, it is a good Apology for the *Heavineſs* of their Remarks, and it is leſs Wonder that they have made ſuch *ſad* Work in the following Critique——

The firſt Lines they cavil at, they are pleaſed to ſay, are enough to make a *Dog howl*——it is clear they are enough to make *Curs ſnarl*——but though hungry Curs are very ſnappiſh, they generally bite ſhort.——

Crevelt, indeed, one may bring into Rhime,
But *Wilhelmſtahl* will hardly come in Time.
Kirch-denckern runs ſtill rougher in the Verſe,
Alike the Muſes and the *Frenchman*'s Curſe.

Theſe Lines are a pretty cloſe Imitation of the Four following ones of *Boileau*, and therefore warranted by the Authority of a Poet, the pureſt, correcteſt, and moſt harmonious in the *French* Language, and whom Mr. *Pope* made his Model in many Parts of his Writings——In this Stricture the Reviewers betray their little Reading——

Quelle muſe a rimer en tous lieux diſpoſée
Oſeroit approcher des bords du Zurder-zee?
Comment en vers heureux aſſiéger Doiſbourgh,
Zutphen, Wageninghen, Harderwic, Knotzembourg?

And all his Country's *painted* in his Eye:

Here, ſay the Reviewers, the Author is quite incomprehenſible——but how ſo?——*Shakeſpeare* uſes the Phraſe, *the Mind's Eye*; *painted* by the Imagination, is not only a common, but beautiful Expreſſion——but what would our Reviewers think of this Line of *Pope*'s——and "*Laviſh Nature paints* "*the purple Year.*"——Nature *paints* the Year——the *purple* Year too——if the Year was *purple*, it would not want *Painting*——The Poet is quite incomprehenſible!

Epire can ſatisfy each juſt Deſire,
That Wiſh may form, or Appetite require.

Some Men may ſee farther into a Mill-Stone, than others: I think, the Senſe of theſe Two Lines is manifeſt, and their Meaning clear and plain, *to thoſe* who can ſee with their Eyes, and hear with their Ears.

Each tender Wife now claſps her warlike Lord,
Dwells on his Lips, and hangs on ev'ry Word.

How can ſhe dwell on his Lips, while *ſhe hangs on his Words?*——I believe, the Cuſtom is, upon receiving a Huſband after a long and dangerous Campaign, the Salute *firſt* paſſes, and *then* the Wife makes Enquiries, and attends to the Relation, of the Dangers, Fatigues, and Eſcapes he underwent.—— It is very irkſome, tho' ſometimes recommended, to anſwer Fools according to their Folly.——But,

Who ſhall decide, when Doctors diſagree?

The Critical Reviewers, ſpeaking of the Satirical Trifles, directly contradict the Opinion of the Monthly. They ſay, that the Author ſhews a fine poetical Talent, and adviſe him to make his Satire more general.——But, that the Public may judge for themſelves, the Author intends preſenting them with an Edition of the Satirical Trifles,

And, if ſome ſober Critic come abroad,
If wrong, he'll ſmile; if right, he'll kiſs the Rod.

To Mr. WILLIAM GODDARD.

YOUR Publication, conſiſting of the moſt virulent Abuſe, without a Shadow of Proof, can only be intended to make an Impreſſion on the Vulgar, as the more ſenſible Part of Mankind have ever deemed ſuch Productions an Inſult on their Judgment.——I did, indeed, with great Reaſon, charge you, in one Inſtance, with having been guilty of the moſt flagrant Partiality, by inſerting in your Chronicle, an anonymous Piece, (having been, as you ſay, WELL PAID) of which the Author himſelf was aſhamed, conſcious he could not juſtify his infamous Aſſertions, much leſs can you be juſtified in the Part you have acted.——However, my Character and Reputation being ſo well eſtabliſhed, your Detraction, founded on dark Intelligence, cannot do me the leaſt Injury.——I ſhall juſt aſk you a few plain Queſtions, and leave you and your Informant to the Cenſure and Contempt of the Public.

Did you not firſt make an unprecedented Attack on my Reputation in your Chronicle, without a ſingle Proof to ſupport you for ſo doing?

Have you not retailed your Abuſe from the Information of Mr. *Allen*?

Did I reflect on you for inſerting what Mr. *Dakein* ſigned, or only for publiſhing the Supporters to that Piece, by way of Preface and Concluſion?

Was not the Introduction, you mention, omitted to be republiſhed by the Printers here, *only* for want of the Author's Name (tho' neither that, nor *Dakein*'s, were offered to the *Maryland* Preſs) and were not they ſufficiently attacked therein, to juſtify their Retort?

Was it not incumbent on you, as a Printer, after an Attempt to ſacrifice my Reputation, to inſert the whole of my Juſtification, inſtead of the Part, only, which related to yourſelf?

Would it not have been prudent in you, (if Reports are true) to have omitted your Threat?

JOHN CLAPHAM.

N. B. Give me Notice, *in your Chronicle if you pleaſe*, of your Charge againſt me, and I will tranſmit the Money.

☞ *A few* ACTS *of* ASSEMBLY, *to compleat* BACON's LAWS, *to this Time, may be had at the* PRINTING-OFFICE, *if applied for ſoon.*

A
SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY
FOR RAISING
SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS,
FOR FINISHING THE
MARKET-HOUSE & TOWN-HALL
IN
FREDERICK-TOWN, in FREDERICK County,
TO CONSIST OF
TWO THOUSAND TICKETS,
AT TWO DOLLARS each.

FIVE HUNDRED and FIFTY-SEVEN of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of	200	Dollars, is	200 Dollars.
2	- -	100	- - -	200
3	- -	50	- - -	150
4	- -	25	- - -	100
20	- -	15	- - -	300
50	- -	10	- - -	500
475	- -	4	- - -	1900
PRIZES, 557		Firſt drawn Blank,	-	25
BLANKS, 1443		Laſt drawn Blank,	-	25
				600 Sterl. rais'd.
2000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,				4000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are little more than TWO BLANKS and an HALF to a PRIZE; and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the Whole.——When the TICKETS are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at leaſt, to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Five of the Managers, at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at fartheſt, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are Meſſrs. *Chriſtopher Edelen, Caſper Shaaff, Thomas Price, George Murdock, Levy Cohan, Jacob Young, Lodowick Weltner, Charles Beatty, Joſeph Gaither, George Scott, Adam Fiſher, John Horſe, William Parker, Jacob Schley, Daniel Heughs, Upton Sheredine, George Stricker, Thomas Cramphin*, Jun. *William Deakin*, Jun. and *Andrew Stigar*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——PRIZES not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforeſaid, to be deemed as generouſly given for the Uſe intended, and applied accordingly.

*** The Value of Seven Shillings and Six-pence, in PENNSYLVANIA Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of TICKETS; and the ſame Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

N. B. TICKETS to be had of any of the MANAGERS, and at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in ANNAPOLIS. (3m)

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBER, *for Caſh or Bills, the following Tracts of Land:*

THE NEW LITTLE-WOOD FOREST, 500 Acres.—The REFORM'D REBECCA, 240 Acres. This is under Leaſe for Seven Years, at 900 *lb.* of Tobacco *per* Year; and 30 or 40 Acres of it, if properly cultivated, will make good Meadow.—POPLAR THICKET, 133 Acres; a little Part of it cleared, and in good Fence. All theſe Lands lie near each other, and near, or on the Line that divides *Prince-George*'s and *Charles* Counties.—Credit will be given for all the Purchaſe-Money, on paying Intereſt, with Security.——Terms may be known, by applying to CLEM WHEELER.

Nov. 26, 1768.

THE SNOW
APOLLO,
Capt. JOHN MIDFORD,
(*Being a Free-Bottom in* MARYLAND)
bound to *Patowmack* River, is expected to leave *Barbados* in *January* or *February* next. Any Gentleman inclined to ſhip WEST-INDIA GOODS in her, from thence, are requeſted to inform their Correſpondents thereof. She will alſo take in MERCHANDIZE for any other Part of MARYLAND; provided it is agreeable to the Owners to receive them in the Eaſtern Branch of ſaid River.

(2w) CHRISTOPHER LOWNDES.

TAKEN up on the laſt of *October*, near *Cove-Point, Calvert* County, by *Roger Spicer*, at Mr. *Cleverly Dares, Lower-Cliffs*, a ſmall red painted BOAT, about Eleven Feet Keel, and Four Feet and an Half Beam.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Hardy*, in *Prince-George*'s County, taken up as a Stray, a bay MARE, 13 Hands high, and between 4 and 5 Years old; has ſome Saddle Spots, and is branded on the near Buttock, but with what is unknown.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joſhua Saunders*, in *Charles* County, near *Bryan-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a dark bay HORSE, about 14 Hands high, has a ſprig Tail, and hanging Mane, branded on the near Shoulder, with ſomething reſembling a Capital N: He has Saddle Spots on both Sides of his Back, near his Withers, as alſo ſome white Spots underneath his near hind Foot Lock; is a natural Pacer, and about 6 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

ON the 12th of this Inſtant, the Plantation, called ENFIELD CHACE, in *Prince-George*'s County, that belonged to the late BENJAMIN TASKER, Eſq; ſundry NEGROES, and STOCK; and, on the 16th of the ſame Month, ſundry NEGROES, and STOCK, on the Plantation that belonged to Mr. TASKER, near *Annapolis*, and near the Place where the late Mr. *Joſeph Hill* lived——This Plantation alſo to be ſold, at any Time. For which Purpoſe, apply to Mrs. TASKER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Maryland, Sept. 1, 1768.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Buſh-Creek*, near *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County, the Two following Convict Servants, *viz.*

WILLIAM SIMMONS, an *Engliſhman*, by Trade a Barber, is fond of expreſſing his Calling; he is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a ſandy Colour, has large white Eyes, and very high Cheek Bones: Had on a Check Shirt, blue Cloth double-breaſted Jacket, a Pair of Country Linen Trowſers, old Shoes, and a Caſtor Hat, half worn.

WILLIAM BURNS, an *Engliſhman*, a luſty well made Fellow, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a yellow Colour, has a very brazen Look, and is much given to Swearing, he alſo has a large Scar on his right Arm, which he often ſhows when in Company: Had on a Crocus Shirt, brown Kerſey Jacket, a Pair of full'd Country Cloth Breeches, old Hat and Shoes; they alſo took with them, a ſtrip'd Match-Coat Blanket. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and ſecures them, ſo as their Maſter may get them again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, if brought home, paid by (7w) WILLIAM DUVALL.

*** I have been informed of Two Men, anſwering the above Deſcription, being ſeen paſſing from *Lower-Marlborough*, down *Patuxent* River; and, as Freemen, offering themſelves to man any Veſſel going to Sea. If any Captains of Veſſels, or others, ſhould remember employing them, on giving me Notice thereof, the Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged; and, if they are taken up, 'tis requeſted particular Care may be taken of them, as tiey are both grand Villains, and will endeavour, if poſſible, to make their Eſcape. *W. D.*

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Gordon*, near *Bladenſburgh*, in *Prince-George*'s County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay HORSE, about Fourteen Hands high, a Blaze in his Face, his hind Feet white, was ſhod before, branded on the off Shoulder CC, and, on the near Shoulder Sd.

The Owner may have him, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD, *purſuant to the Will and Teſtament of* Thomas Sappington, *deceaſed*,

ABOUT 700 Acres of LAND, being Part of a TRACT, called SAPPINGTON's SWEEP, lying in *Anne-Arundel* County, about 3 Miles from *Patuxent* Iron-Works. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber, living about 8 Miles from ſaid Works.

(w8) FRANCES SAPPINGTON, Executrix.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

November 28, 1768.

RAN away from the *Neabsco* Iron-Works, in *Virginia*, on, or about the 10th of *October* last, a Country born Negro Man Slave, named BILLIE, the Property of the Hon. *John Taylor*, Esq; he is about 30 Years of Age, very black, well made, Five Feet Eight Inches high, puts on a fower Look when taxed with any Thing amiss; he had on and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, and sundry other Sorts of Cloaths, besides Shoes and Stockings of various Kinds: He is by Trade a Ship-Carpenter, and is such a Proficient in that Business, as not only to repair, but to build all Sorts of small Craft. The Day that he went off, he was accompanied by a dark Mulatto Fellow, named SCIPIO, the Property of Mr. *John M'Millian* of *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*, of much the same Age and Size as himself. They crossed *Patowmack-River* together, in a Schooner's Boat, to the *Maryland* Shore, where they left her, and have, from that Time, kept themselves undiscovered. As *Billie* was some Time last Summer brought from *Carolina*, (to which Place, under the Sanction of a forged Pass, he had travelled as a Freeman) it is more than probable that if he is not now engaged by some Ship-Builders to the Northward, that he will endeavour to get on board of some Craft, bound for *Charles-Town*, or to some Place in *Carolina*, where he expects to be free.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, or Mulatto, and brings One, or both, to the Subscriber, or to Mr. *John Calvert*, Manager of Col. *Taylor*'s Mine-Bank, in *Baltimore* County, or will secure them, so as they may be had again, shall receive, for each, a Reward of Five Pounds, if taken Forty Miles from home, or the above Reward, if at a greater Distance from the said Mr. *John Calvert*, or from

(tf) THOMAS LAWSON.

WANTED, on Hire, a PLANTATION, having a Sufficiency of Hands and Stock thereon.——For Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber, living at the Plantation of Mr. *Hopkins*, on the North-Side of *Severn*. JOHN GRANT.

October 20, 1768.

To be SOLD, *or let on* CHARTER,

THE Sloop BETSEY, a strong Vessel, will carry about 3500 Bushels, now lying at *Annapolis*, but will sail the latter End of next Week, for *St. Leonard's* Creek, *Patuxent*. She is just cleaned, and well found, and will, if Chartered, be fit to receive her Lading at Five Days Notice.

For Terms, apply to Mr. *Joshua Johnson*, at *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber, on board.

GEORGE COOK.

Queen-Anne, November 15, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, some Time in *July* last, a Mulatto Servant Man, named PHILIP GRAY, a well-set Fellow, about Five Feet Eight Inches high, and much pitted with the Small-Pox. It is supposed that he is harboured by some free Negro, near *Elk-Ridge*, or has made off to *Baltimore* County. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him, shall be paid TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought to

(tf) Wm. T. WOOTTON.

October 10, 1768.

RAN away Yesterday Morning, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Bladensburg*, an indented Servant Man, named GEORGE DILLARD, a Rockmyer by Trade, about Five Feet Nine Inches high, he is about Forty Years of Age, an *Englishman*, born in or near *Liverpool*, of a dark Complexion, and pitted with the Small-Pox; is afflicted with a remarkable Lameness, occasioned by being shot through the left Leg, when in the Service, as a Soldier, in One of the Regiments in the late Wars in *America*, which makes him halt and tread on his left Toes; the Calf of which Leg is much withered, and is much smaller than the other: Had on, when he went away, a blue Coat with Horn Buttons, a brown Jacket, Osnaburg Shirt, Breeches and Trowsers, Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, a Bob-Wig, and an old Hat; has also with him sundry Papers, among which is a Discharge from the Regiment he served in, and a Discharge from the Hospital where the Cure of his Leg was effected, (which he now bears with) he may probably make Use of the said Discharges to pass him off as a Freeman.—Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JOHN F. S. THOMAS.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For raising the Sum of FOUR HUNDRED and FIFTY POUNDS, for purchasing an ORGAN for the New-Church, and building a MARKET-HOUSE, in the Town of ALEXANDRIA, *viz.*

Prizes.		Pounds.		Pounds.
5	of	100	are	500
5	—	50	—	250
10	—	25	—	250
20	—	10	—	200
100	—	5	—	500
860	—	30*s.*	—	1290
1000 Prizes.		First drawn Blank,		5
2000 Blanks.		Last drawn Blank,		5
3000 Tickets at 20*s.*				£. 3000

Fifteen *per Cent.* deducted from the Prizes, amouuts to £. 450, the Sum wanted.

In this Scheme, there are no more than Two Blanks to a Prize; and, for the small Value, and Number of Tickets, there are many considerable Prizes.—Many Schemes of Lotteries, for various Purposes, and of various Constructions, are offered to the Public, they are indeed become common; by many it is reckoned a Species of Gaming, it may be so, yet certainly this is the most justifiable, perhaps laudable, because for Public Uses. The Promoters hope they will meet with that Encouragement in the Sale of the Tickets, which so good and useful an Intention merits, and will enable them to draw the Lottery in Six Months. The Adventurers may be assured it will be drawn as soon as the Tickets are sold.——Immediately after Drawing, a List of the Prizes will be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* GAZETTES.

Prizes not demanded in Six Months, after Drawing, will be esteemed given for the Benefit of the Lottery.

The Managers are, *William Ramsay*, *John Carlyle*, *John Dalton*, *Robert Adam*, *John Muir*, *Harry Piper*, *Thomas Fleming*, *George Washington*. Trustees, *Thomas Kirkpatrick*, *Henry Riddle*, *Richard Arle*, *Hall* and *Gilpin*, *William Ramsay*, *Robert Harrison*, *Thomas Carfan*, of whom Tickets may be had: They act upon Oath, and give Bond faithfully to discharge their Trust.

Dollars will be taken at Six Shillings, and paid away at the same Rate.

LATELY PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD *at the* PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE

MARYLAND ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR 1769,

CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Disorders incident to this Climate, &c. We have added a Sheet extraordinary this Year, for the Benefit of our Customers only, as we shall dispose of them at the usual Price of 5*s. per* Dozen, or 8 Coppers single.

Frederick-Town, Carol County, Oct. 24, 1768.

TO be Sold, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from *George* and *William Buck*, Esqrs. Merchants of *Biddeford*, a Dwelling-House in *Chester-Town*, compleatly finished, with Eight Rooms, Six of which are richly papered. There is an excellent Kitchen adjoining, in which are Two good Fire-Places, and every Thing compleat. On the Lot is a commodious Stable, with Nine Stalls, Two of which are close; a large Yard, with a good Well and new Pump in it, and every other Conveniency fit for a Gentleman's Family in private Life, or public Business. On the same Lot is a large Brick House, which, with a little Expence, might be converted into a good Store-Room and Counting-House. For Terms of Sale, apply to

(tf) JOSEPH EARLE.

THE Subscriber takes this Method to inform the Public, that he keeps the Ferry from *Annapolis*, to *Kent-Island*, and *Rock-Hall*; and proposes to carry, at the following Rates:

To KENT-ISLAND,

For a Single Man,	£	0	7 6
If more than one, each,		0	3 9
A Single Man and Horse,		0	10 0
If more, going in the same Boat, each,		0	7 6
For an open Chair,		0	7 6
A Chaise, with a Top,		0	10 0
A Four-Wheel Chaise,		0	15 0
A Chariot, or Coach,		0	17 6

To ROCK-HALL,

For a Single Man,		0	15 0
If more, each,		0	7 6
A Single Man and Horse,		0	17 6
If more, in the same Boat, each,		0	12 6
For an open Chair,		0	12 6
A Chaise, with a Top,		0	15 0
A Four-Wheel Chaise,		0	17 6
A Chariot, or Coach,		0	12 6

And, as he keeps the best Entertainment, and as good Boats and Hands, as any that cross the Bay, hopes to meet with Encouragement. Those who shall favour him with their Custom, will greatly oblige,

Their humble Servant,

(tf) SAMUEL NEWNETON.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship NANCY, JAMES THOMPSON *Master, from* Liverpool *and* Dublin, *by*

HUDSON & THOMPSON,

Who came in said Ship, to settle at Baltimore-Town,

A LARGE Assortment of *European* GOODS, suitable for the Season, *viz.* Woollen-Drapery, in all its Branches; Mercery; Haberdashery; Millinery; *Manchester* Goods; Saddlery; Stationary; Ship-Chandlery; Braziery; Cutlery and Hard-Ware; Dry-Saltery; Groceries; Felt and Castor Hats; Sailors, and Hunting Caps; strip'd Linseys; Grograms; Superfine ribb'd Stockings; Worsted and Yarn ditto; Silk and Worsted ditto; Rugs; *Indian* Blanketing; full Suits of Superfine Broad-Cloaths, and Trimmings; Womens, Girls, and Childrens Stays; home-made Checks; brown Hollands; brown Sheetings; white Sheetings; a large Assortment of *Irish* Linens; *German*, *English*, *Irish*, and *Scotch* Osnabrigs; Hempen-Rolls; *German*, *English*, and *Irish* Dowlas; hempen and flaxen Sacking; *Warrington* Sail-Cloth; *Kendal*, and *Welsh* Cottons; Crown-Glass Squares of all Sizes; FF Gunpowder; Drop-Shot; Bar-Lead; common and double Flint; Glass-Ware; Gardevine Squares; *French* Indico; bottled Snuff; Roll-Brimstone; Saltpetre; Copperas; Allum; Mens Boots and Shoes; Womens, Leather, Calimanco, and Everlasting Shoes; Childrens Morocco ditto; Hair Sifters; Lawn, and Silk Searchers; Pipes; Brushes of all Sorts; Nails of all Sorts and Sizes; Wigs; Sail-Twine; Bed-Cords; Top-Sean Twine; deep Sea, Log, Drum, Cat, and Perch Lines; Halters and Trefles; white Rope; Box-Cordage; Corks, and Cork-Wood for Seanets; mix'd Paints; Iron Pots, Pans, Frying-Pans, Cast Iron Tea-Kettles, Skillets, *&c. English* Loaf-Sugar; a large Quantity of Five and Seven Years old bottled Beer, in Tierces, containing 5*l* Dozen each; a very large Assortment of Crockery, and Earthen-Ware, consisting of most of the Articles in that Branch; China, and Copperplate Ware; *Liverpool* fine Salt; and a Parcel of Coals.

The above Goods, with many other Articles too tedious to insert here, will be sold by Wholesale and Retail, at a low Advance. The said HUDSON and THOMPSON will import, annually, Spring and Fall, Cargoes of Goods. Such as please to favour them with their Custom in the Wholesale Way, may depend on being served on easy Terms, and their Orders to *England* punctually observed and complied with. Patterns of several Sorts of Goods, suitable for the Spring, may be seen at their Store, in *Gay-Street*. Market Prices for all Sorts of Produce.——A young Man is wanted, that understands Business, and is well acquainted in *Baltimore* County.

. The above Ship *Nancy*, *James Thompson* Master, now lying at *Fell's* Point, sails for *Dublin*, the 20th of *December* next, and will take in Goods at a low Freight. For Particulars, apply to *Hudson* and *Thompson*, or the Captain, on Board.

October 14, 1768.

STOLEN last Night, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Upper-Marlborough*, a likely bright bay HORSE, Four Years old, and about 14 and an Half Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, B; he paces, trots, and gallops, and carries his Head high, when rode.

Whoever secures the said Horse, so as I may get him again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if he be convicted, paid by BENJAMIN HALL, (Son of FRANCIS.)

Annapolis, July 28, 1768.

WHEREAS my late Master, Mr. ANDREW BUCHANAN, has generously declined his Business, of BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER, in Favour of the Subscriber, who has removed next Door to Mr. *Robert Cunden's*, where he has supplied himself with a fresh Assortment of Hair, and other Materials, for carrying on his Business, and hopes for the Encouragement of all Gentlemen, Ladies, and others, as they may depend on being served humbly, with every Article, in his Way, and after the newest Fashions.

(tf) JAMES REID.

Annapolis, Sept. 22, 1768.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are hereby requested to discharge their respective Accounts immediately, without further Notice. And, whereas I have, through a Course of several Years Dealing, given large and unwarrantable Credits, for as it many Instances to be a considerable Sufferer thereby; yet, from Principles of Honesty and Endeavours, and a Conviction of the Difficulties subsisting in Debtors in general, from the great Scarcity of Cash in the Province, I have hitherto wished not to take the necessary Steps to compel Payment: I am however at last reduced to the Necessity of taking this disagreeable Step, earnestly collecting my outstanding Debts. Those therefore who are interested, will, by a speedy Compliance with this Requisition, avoid the Trouble and Expence attending the usual Method of Recovery by [illegible] CATON.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHERIFFS-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.